ST 04-0020-GIL 01/26/2004 NEXUS

A "retailer maintaining a place of business in Illinois" as described in 86 III. Adm. Code 150.201(i) is required to register with the State as an Illinois Use Tax collector. See 86 III. Adm. Code 150.801. (This is a GIL.)

January 26, 2004

Dear Xxxxx:

This letter is in response to your letter dated September 17, 2003, in which you request information. The Department issues two types of letter rulings. Private Letter Rulings ("PLRs") are issued by the Department in response to specific taxpayer inquiries concerning the application of a tax statute or rule to a particular fact situation. A PLR is binding on the Department, but only as to the taxpayer who is the subject of the request for ruling and only to the extent the facts recited in the PLR are correct and complete. Persons seeking PLRs must comply with the procedures for PLRs found in the Department's regulations at 2 Ill. Adm. Code 1200.110. The purpose of a General Information Letter ("GIL") is to direct taxpayers to Department regulations or other sources of information regarding the topic about which they have inquired. A GIL is not a statement of Department policy and is not binding on the Department. See 2 Ill. Adm. Code 1200.120. You may access our website at www.lLTAX.com to review regulations, letter rulings and other types of information relevant to your inquiry.

The nature of your inquiry and the information you have provided require that we respond with a GIL. In your letter you have stated and made inquiry as follows:

I am in the process of starting a Canadian based company that will have no offices in the US and will have no US based employees. I will be marketing my line of Canadian made architectural products through international trade magazines and through occasional trade shows. I also plan to utilize a network of Manufacturers Agents that will be located in Canada and the United States. These agents operate independently and will handle other manufacturer's lines as well as my own. The agents will have no authority to accept orders or to legally bind my company in any manner.

It is my understanding that since I will not maintain a permanent establishment in the state and I will have no employees in the state as well that I will be able to deliver product in the state on a tax excluded basis and the responsibility to remit sales tax will rest with the purchaser of the product. In this regards all my paperwork would show that sales tax is extra to the contract price and is to be remitted directly by the purchaser to the state.

Please review the above and get back to me so that I can be assured that this issue is covered.

DEPARTMENT'S RESPONSE:

In the context of a General Information Letter, the Department is unable to make sales tax nexus determinations because the amount of information required to make that determination is often best gathered by an auditor. The following information outlines the principles of sales tax nexus. We hope it is helpful to you in determining whether you are responsible to pay tax in Illinois.

An "Illinois Retailer" is one who either accepts purchase orders in the State of Illinois or maintains an inventory in Illinois and fills Illinois orders from that inventory. The Illinois Retailer is then liable for Retailers' Occupation Tax on gross receipts from sales and must collect the corresponding Use Tax incurred by the purchasers.

Another type of retailer is the retailer maintaining a place of business in Illinois. The definition of a "retailer maintaining a place of business in Illinois" is described in 86 Ill. Adm. Code 150.201(i), enclosed. This type of retailer is required to register with the State as an Illinois Use Tax collector. See 86 Ill. Adm. Code 150.801, enclosed. The retailer must collect and remit Use Tax to the State on behalf of the retailer's Illinois customers even though the retailer does not incur any Retailers' Occupation Tax liability.

The United States Supreme Court in <u>Quill Corp. v. North Dakota</u>, 112 S.Ct 1904 (1992), set forth the current guidelines for determining what nexus requirements must be met before a person is properly subject to a state's tax laws. The Supreme Court has set out a 2-prong test for nexus. The first prong is whether the Due Process Cause is satisfied. Due process will be satisfied if the person or entity purposely avails itself or himself of the benefits of an economic market in a forum state. Quill at 1910.

The second prong of the Supreme Court's nexus test requires that, if due process requirements have been satisfied, the person or entity must have physical presence in the forum state to satisfy the Commerce Clause. A physical presence is not limited to an office or other physical building. Under Illinois law, it also includes the presence of any agent or representative of the seller. The representative need not be a sales representative. Any type of physical presence in the State of Illinois, including the vendor's delivery and installation of his product on a repetitive basis, will trigger Use Tax collection responsibilities. Please refer to Brown's Furniture, Inc. v. Wagner, 171 Ill.2d 410 (1996).

The final type of retailer is the out-of-State retailer that does not have sufficient nexus with Illinois to be required to submit to Illinois tax laws. A retailer in this situation does not incur Retailers' Occupation Tax on sales into Illinois and is not required to collect Use Tax on behalf of its Illinois customers. However, the retailer's Illinois customers will still incur Use Tax on the purchase of the out-of-State goods and have a duty to self-assess their Use Tax liability and remit the amount directly to the State.

I hope this information is helpful. If you require additional information, please visit our website at www.ILTAX.com or contact the Department's Taxpayer Information Division at (217) 782-3336. If you are not under audit and you wish to obtain a binding PLR regarding your factual situation, please submit a request conforming to the requirements of 2 III. Adm. Code 1200.110 (b).

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